Arizona Violent Death Reporting System

Data-At-A-Glance: Violent deaths in the CAVE CREEK community

The Arizona Violent Death Reporting System collects violent death data from multiple sources, including death certificates issued by the Arizona Department of Health Services, police reports obtained from investigating agencies, and autopsy and toxicology reports from medical examiner offices. The purpose of the project is to assist stakeholders in strategic planning and prevention efforts aimed toward reducing the number of violent deaths occurring each year.

From January 2015 through December 2021, there were 37 known occurring violent deaths that occurred in Cave Creek: 34 suicides, 0 homicides, and 3 violent deaths of unintentional or undetermined intent.

This datasheet is intended to describe missing law enforcement data for the CAVE CREEK community.

### Violent deaths in the CAVE CREEK community, 2015-2021

- There were a total of 34 suicides in the Cave Creek community, and of these, 55.9% (n=19) had no law enforcement data provided by your LE agency.
- There were no homicides reported in Cave Creek during this period.
- There were an additional 3 violent deaths of other manners (i.e., not suicides and homicides). Two of these (66.7%) had no data provided by your law enforcement.

### Violent deaths in all of Maricopa County, 2015-2021

- Overall, more than 86% of suicides that occurred in Maricopa County from 2015-2021 had detailed law enforcement information provided.
- Law enforcement agencies in Maricopa County provided detailed information in 89.2% of homicides.
- Undetermined and unintentional deaths had detailed law enforcement information in 71.0% of cases.
The following presents sample findings from AZ-VDRS when law enforcement data is provided.

- Overall, suicides were about two and a half to three times more frequent than homicides.
- There were more suicides (n=730) and homicides (n=338) in Maricopa County 2021 than any year since 2015.
- Unintentional firearm deaths and undetermined deaths comprised less than 10% of violent deaths from 2015-2021.
- Suicide victims often had intimate partner (26.1%) and physical health problems (21.8%).
- Alcohol (19.8%) and other drug (20.0%) abuse problems were also common.
- More than one-third (33.6%) of suicide victims had a history of mental health/substance use treatment.
- More than 1-in-4 victims had a history suicide attempt (25.6%) or had disclosed their intent prior to their suicide (28.2%).
- The majority of both suicides (59.3%) and homicides (79.1%) involved the use of a firearm.
- Asphyxia (hanging, suffocation or strangulation) was the second most common method in suicides (24.1%), but was rare in homicides (2.5%).
- Likewise, more than 1 in 10 suicides (11.3%) involved a poisoning (e.g., drug overdose), compared to just 0.4% of homicides.

For more detail on the data used in this report, or others, and for more information about the project, its partners, or putting the data into action, please visit ASU’s Center for Violence Prevention and Community Safety’s AZ-VDRS webpage at: https://cvpcs.asu.edu/projects/arizona-violent-death-reporting-system.